

A Tale of Two Interfaces

DVB/ASI – SMPTE 310
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Today's Presentation

- Brief Review of Each Standard
- Strengths and Weaknesses Analyses
- Practical Implementation Tips
- Sources for Additional Information
- Q&A

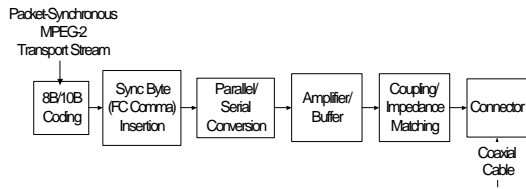
DTV Interface/Transport Summary

- Full Bandwidth 1.5 gbit HD
- Full Bandwidth 270 mbit SD
- Lightly Compressed HD 330 mbit
- Transport Stream – MPEG-2/ATSC
 - SMPTE 310 M
 - ASI/DVB

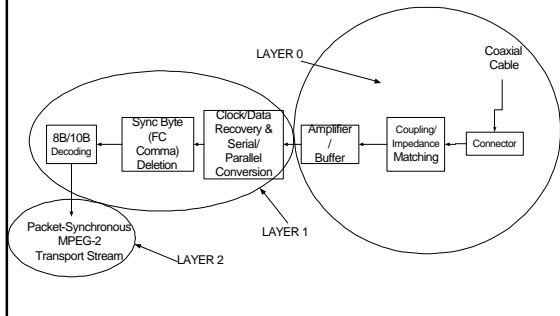
DVB/ASI Family of Standards

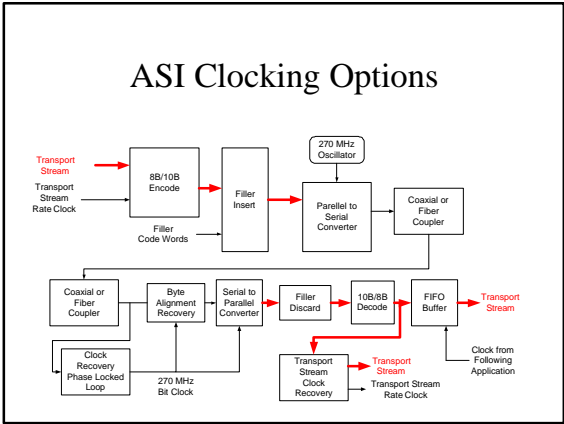
- SPI - Synchronous Parallel Interface
- SSI-C - Synchronous Serial Interface on Coaxial Cable
- SSI-O - Synchronous Serial Interface on Optical Fibre
- ASI-C - Asynchronous Serial Interface on Coaxial Cable
- ASI-O - Asynchronous Serial Interface on Optical Fibre

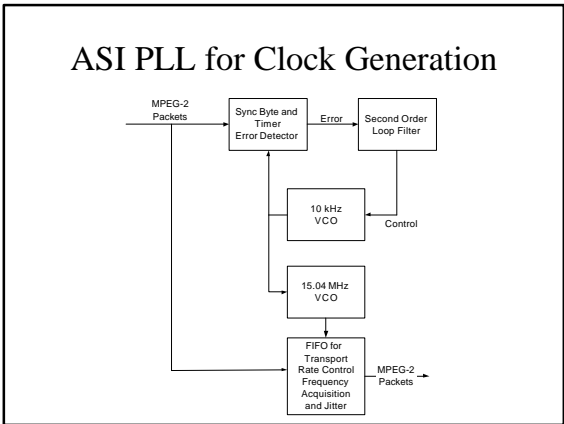
ASI - C - TRANSMIT



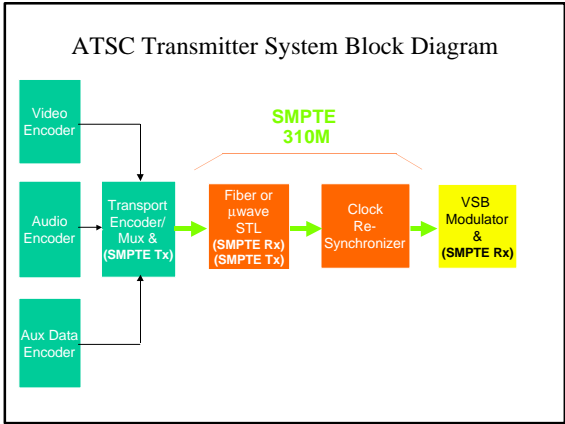
ASI - C - RECEIVE







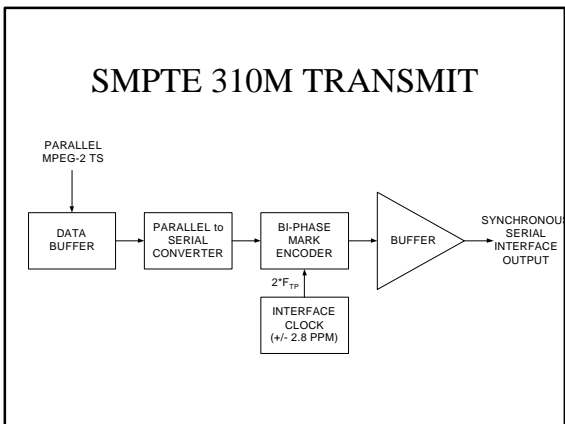
- ### Summary of Characteristics
- Fixed Transport Rate – Flexible Payload Rate
 - Robust Error Correction
 - Deterministic Jitter – 10%
 - Random Jitter – 8%
 - Output Voltage – 800 mV (p-p)



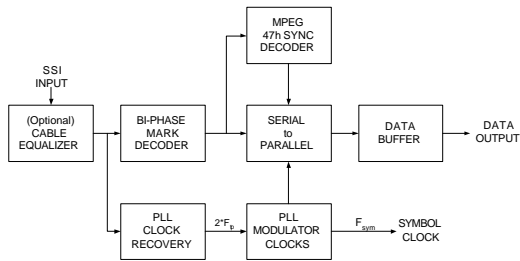
SMPTE 310M DTV Transmitter Interface

Synchronous **Serial** Interface for MPEG-2 Digital Transport Stream
 For 8T-VSB (19.3 Mb/s) and 16-VSB (38.6 Mb/s)
No error correction (for *low noise* environments)
Self-clocking bi-phase mark modulation (MSB first)
 Unbalanced 0.8 V_{pp} centered at 0 V_{dc}
 Single **75 Ω** coax with (50 Ω) BNC connectors

Transport clock frequencies:
 $F_{\text{TRANSPORT}} = N * (188/208) * (312/313) * F_{\text{SYMBOL}}$
 8T-VSB: 19.39265846 Mbits/sec (N = 2)
 16-VSB: 38.78531692 Mbits/sec (N = 4)
 Clock frequencies within ± 2.8 ppm (same as F_{sym})



SMPTE 310M RECEIVER



SMPTE 310M Clock Frequencies

Signal	Clock Frequency (MHz)	±2.8 ppm Drift (Hz)
Symbol Clock	10.762238	±30
8-VSB Transport Clock	19.392659	±54
8-VSB Interface Clock	38.785318	±108
16-VSB Transport Clock	38.785318	±108
16-VSB Interface Clock	77.570636	±216

$$F_{INT} = 2 * F_{ip} = 2 * N * (188/208) * (312/313) * F_{SYM}$$

N = 2 for 8T-VSB (2 data bits/symbol)
N = 4 for 16-VSB (4 data bits/symbol)

Symbol Clock Tests

- Measure SMPTE 310M signal *directly*
 - Clock **frequency**
 - Easy to measure with current test equipment (e.g. frequency counter)
 - Drift tolerance < 2.8 ppm; drift rate < 0.028 ppm/sec
 - Clock (edge) **jitter** (nsec, p-p)
 - Need good piece of test equipment to measure this (e.g. high speed scope or specialized unit)
 - Signal transitions < 2 nsec, p-p
- Measure SMPTE 310M signal *indirectly*
 - Transmission symbol clock phase sidebands
 - Reference receiver SNR @ white noise threshold

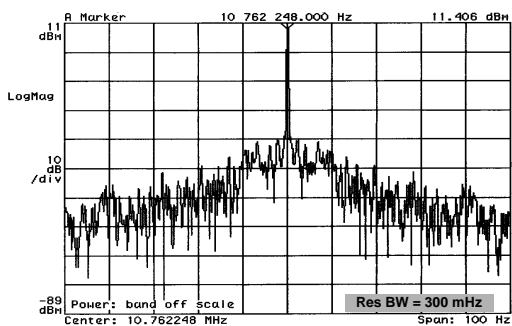
Current Difficulties

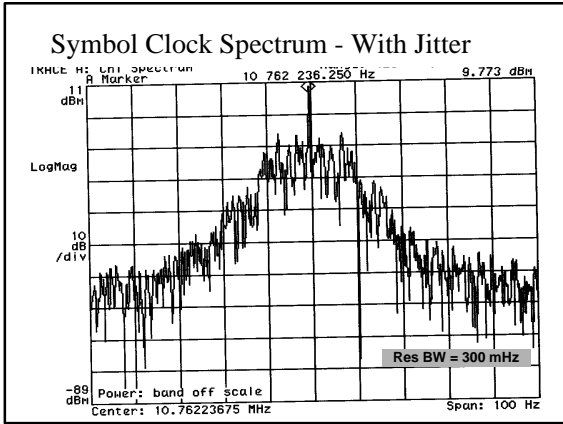
- Currently, SMPTE 310M clock issues have been observed in couple of cities doing DTV field testing
- Not a problem with standard, just implementation
- Two issues:
 - Clock *frequency* tolerance
 - Clock *jitter* tolerance
- Effect:
 - Reduction of effective white noise threshold in receivers
 - Bursty performance
 - *Not* noticeable on Agilent 89441 or RFA300 test equipment

Symbol Clock Jitter

- Can creep into system anywhere
 - Transport (video) encoder
 - Any STL link (fiber, microwave)
 - SMPTE 310M interfaces
 - VSB modulator
- Symptoms: bursty errors at receiver
 - Moderate problem: near white noise threshold
 - Severe problem: even at strong signal levels
- Still looking for *convenient* way to measure jitter
- Currently only have *indirect* methods
 - Reference Rx white noise threshold degradation
 - Symbol clock modulation sidebands

Symbol Clock Spectrum - No Jitter





SMPTE 310M Pluses

- Self Clocking
- Polarity Insensitive
- Low Component Count
- Relatively Inexpensive
- Bandwidth Efficient in RF Implementation

DVB ASI Pluses

- Mature Standard – Widely Implemented
- Robust Error Correction
- Includes Sync Byte
- Accepts a Variety of Bit Rates
- Electrically Identical to SDI (CCIR 601)

SMPTE 310M Minuses

- Uses NRZ Coding
- No Error Correction
- No Sync Bytes
- Jitter Sensitive
- Fixed Bit Rate once Implemented
- Limited Design and Field Experience

DVB ASI Minuses

- Polarity Sensitive
- Requires Wider Bandwidth in RF Implementations
- Higher Component Count
- Higher Cost to Implement

Practical Uses for DVB-ASI

- Decoder Output
- Intra-Facility Routing
- Localized Switching
- Input/Output of Storage Devices
- Input/Output of Bit Stream Manipulators
- Public Network Transport

Practical Uses for SMPTE 310M

- RF Transport
 - Over the air Broadcast
 - STL
 - RPU/ENG
- Efficient Bit Stream Storage

More Information

DVB/ASI – DVB Document A010

Interfaces for CATV/SMATV Headends and
Similar Professional Equipment

SMPTE 310M-1998

Synchronous Serial Interface for MPEG-2 Digital
Transport Stream

Acknowledgements

Gary Sgrignoli – Zenith Corporation
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Gregory Forbes – PBS Engineering
Rudy Pruitt – PBS Engineering Lab

Great Training Opportunity

ATSC
VSB Transmission System
Tutorials

Zenith – SBE – State Broadcast Associations
Private Companies

YOUR TURN

Questions?

Discussion?

Debate?
